

Student's full name :

Academic year : 2024-2025

Level : 4 m.s

Teacher's name : A.I

The first English test



Text :

Monuments stand as symbols of historical significance and cultural heritage, drawing visitors from around the world. One of the most notable monuments globally is the Kremlin Wall.

The Kremlin Wall is a famous landmark in Moscow. It was built between 1495 and 1498 by the Italian architect Marco Ruffo and his team, including Pietro Antonio Solari. The wall surrounds the Moscow Kremlin and has a height of approximately 19 meters (62 feet) in some sections, stretching over 2.5 kilometers (about 1.6 miles). It was made primarily of red brick and it features 20 towers, with the Spasskaya Tower being the most well-known.

To conclude, The Kremlin Wall is an important historical site in Moscow. It was built for protection and represents Russia's rich history. Today, it attracts many visitors as a UNESCO World Heritage landmark.

Read the text carefully then do the following activities :

Part One :

A/Reading comprehension :

Activity one : Fill in the following chart :

Monument	Location	Date of construction	Designers	Height	Material

Activity two : Read the text again then answer the following questions :

1-Was the Kremlin Wall build by a Russian architect ?

.....

2-What material is the Kremlin wall primarily made of ?

.....

3-What is the most famous tower of the Kremlin Wall called ?

.....

4-Why was the Kremlin Wall build and what significance does it hold today ?

.....

Activity three : Find in the text the synonyms and the opposites of the following words :

Landmarks=	importance=	the globe=	popular=	designer=
The least=	insignificant=	poor=	to start=	unknown=

B/Mastery of language :

Activity one : Supply the capitalization and punctuation where necessary :

1-The eiffel tower is a famous landmark in paris France

.....

2-the taj mahal is located in india it is one of the seven wonders of the world

.....

Activity two : Spot and correct the mistakes where necessary :

The pyramids of Giza is a famous landmark. They was built thousands of years ago and still stands as an symbol of ancient Egypt.

.....

.....

Activity three : Put the verbs between brackets in the correct form :

1-The Eiffel Tower (To remain)..... a symbol of Paris.

2-Tourists (to visit)..... The Martyrs Memorial at the moment.

3- Next year, many tourists (to explore)..... the Great Wall.

4-While she (to visit)..... the Colosseum, she (to admire)..... its ancient architecture.

Activity four :

a-Compare using "as.....as" or "not as.....as"

1-Sultan Ahmed mosque in Turkey is an old monument.
The Martyrs Memorial is ancient too.

2-Mehdi is a courageous boy :
Rahim lacks bravery.

b-Write three sentences comparing two things of your choice :

- 1-.....
- 2-.....
- 3-.....

Activity five : Read the words carefully and choose the right sound :

	/e/	/a/	/i/
Invitation			
Brave			
Site			
Visitors			

Part Two : Written expression

The Sydney Opera House is an iconic architectural masterpiece known for its unique sail-like design and its role as a cultural center in Australia. Write a short paragraph about its description using the notes below.



Location : Sydney, Australia

Opened : 1973

Architect : Jorn Utzon

Design : Looks like sails on a ship

Main use : Performing arts (opera, concerts, and shows)

Materials : Made of concrete and ceramic tiles

Significance : A famous symbol of Australia

Visitors : Millions visit each year for tours and performances

I wish you all the best !

Student's full name :

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Teacher's name : *FL*

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The Kremlin Wall is a famous landmark in Moscow. It was built between 1495 and 1498 by the Italian architect Marco Ruffo and his team, including Pietro Antonio Solari. The wall surrounds the Moscow Kremlin and has a height of approximately 19 meters (62 feet) in some sections, stretching over 2.5 kilometers (about 1.6 miles). It was made primarily of red brick and it features 20 towers, with the Spasskaya Tower being the most well-known.

To conclude, The Kremlin Wall is an important historical site in Moscow. It was built for protection and represents Russia's rich history. Today, it attracts many visitors as a UNESCO World Heritage landmark.

Read the text carefully then do the following activities :

Part One :

A/Reading comprehension :

Activity one : Fill in the following chart :

Monument	Location	Date of construction	Designers	Height	Material
The Kremlin Wall	Moscow	Between 1495 and 1498	Marco Ruffo and his team	19 meters	Red brick

Activity two : Read the text again then answer the following questions :

1- Was the Kremlin Wall built by a Russian architect ?

No, it was not.

2- What material is the Kremlin wall primarily made of ?

The Kremlin Wall was primarily made of red brick.

3- What is the most famous tower of the Kremlin Wall called ?

The most famous tower of the Kremlin Wall is called the Spasskaya Tower.

4- Why was the Kremlin Wall built and what significance does it hold today ?

It was built for protection and represents Russia's rich history. Moreover, it attracts many visitors today as a UNESCO World Heritage landmark.

Activity three : Find in the text the synonyms and the opposites of the following words :

Landmarks= monuments importance= significance the globe= the world
popular= famous designer= architect

The least= the most insignificant= important poor= rich to start= to conclude
unknown= well-known or famous

B/ Mastery of language :

Activity one : Supply the capitalization and punctuation where necessary :

1- The Eiffel Tower is a famous landmark in Paris, France.

2- The Taj Mahal is located in India, it is one of the seven wonders of the world.

Activity two : Spot and correct the mistakes where necessary :

The pyramids of Giza ~~are~~ ~~a~~ (no article) famous landmarks. They ~~was~~ ~~were~~ built thousands of years ago, and still stands (no s) as ~~an~~ a symbol of ancient Egypt.

Activity three : Put the verbs between brackets in the correct form :

1- The Eiffel Tower (To remain) ~~remains~~ a symbol of Paris.

2- Tourists (to visit) ~~are~~ ~~visiting~~ The Martyrs Memorial ~~at the~~ ~~mement~~.

3- Next year, many tourists (to explore) ~~will~~ ~~explore~~ the Great Wall.

4- ~~While~~ she (to visit) ~~was~~ ~~visiting~~ the Colosseum, she (to admire) ~~she~~ ~~was~~ ~~admiring~~ its ancient architecture.

Activity four :

a- Compare using "as.....as" or "not as.....as"

1- Sultan Ahmed mosque in Turkey is an old monument.

The Martyrs Memorial is ancient too.

Sultan Ahmed mosque in Turkey is as old as the Martyrs Memorial.

2- Mehdi is a courageous boy .

Rahim lacks bravery.

Rahim is not as courageous as Mehdi.

b-Write three sentences comparing two things of your choice :

- 1- _____
 - 2- _____
 - 3- _____
- Teacher AL*

Activity five : Read the words carefully and choose the right sound :

	/e/	/ai/	/i/
Invitation	× invitation		× invitation
Brave	×		
Site		×	
Visitors			×

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I WISH YOU ALL THE BEST !

A suggested paragraph for the Written Expression :

The Sydney Opera House

The Sydney Opera House is one of the most iconic architectural landmarks in the world. It is located in Sydney, Australia. It was designed by the architect Jørn Utzon, and opened in 1973. It looks like sails on a ship. It is mainly used for performing arts, including opera and concerts. The building is made of concrete and ceramic tiles. This notable monument is considered as a famous symbol of Australia that millions of people visit each year.