

The First Term Test of English

Part One: READING

(15 pts)

Read the text carefully then do the activities.

What is peace? People often say that peace is the opposite of war. However, there are many other ways to define peace. Some people say that peace means more than 'no war'. Every year many people die in wars, but more people are killed in many other ways.

Each year millions of children and poor people die because they do not have enough food. These hungry people cannot afford to buy food they need. These people are not fighting in a war but they do not have peace in their life either. Therefore, peace can also be the opposite of hunger.

Another cause of death for millions of people every year is disease. Many mortal diseases can be prevented by clean water or cured by medicine. Few people die of dysentery in developed countries, but many people in poor countries die of it and many other preventable diseases. So peace can also be the opposite of preventable diseases.

There are many wars between countries. However, people are also killed by people from their own country. Whenever there are political or religious conflicts, which often results in riots, some people get killed. Therefore, peace can be the opposite of lacking freedom in religious beliefs.

Adapted from *Success English*

1. Are these statements true or false?

2 pts

- a) People are killed only in wars.
- b) Hunger can be as deadly as war.
- c) All mortal diseases are preventable.
- d) Conflicts can be caused by the absence of religious freedom.

a)	b)	c)	d)

2. Answer the following questions according to the text.

3 pts

- a) How is peace defined in the text? Write only one definition
- b) Is peace the only cause of people's death?
- c) What can be prevented by clean water?

3. What or who do the underlined words refer to in the text?

1.5 pt

- a) they (§2)
- b) it (§3) →
- c) which (§4) →

4. Find in the text words that are closest in meaning to the following

1.5 pt

- a) manners (§2) ≠
- b) illness (§3) ≠
- c) liberty (§4) ≠

5. Supply *must*, *mustn't* and *don't need to* in the following sentences.

3 pts

- a) We do our duties.
- b) He have taken sleeping pills. He didn't wake up till lunch time.
- c) I take any tests. The course is for fun.
- d) We take an umbrella. The weather is nice.
- e) You go to the bank today. You don't have any money.
- f) The employee be late for the meeting.

6. What do the following abbreviations and acronyms stand for?

4 pts

K.S.A - M.B.C. - C.I.A. - U.K. - Geol. - G.M.T. - Math. - F.A.O.

Part Two: WRITTEN EXPRESSION

(5 pts)

Write a paragraph on the following topic

What are your rights and duties in school?

Good Luck